HIGHLIGHTS

- Report highlights 1,693 Anti-Doping Rule Violations (ADRVs) in 2014, involving individuals from 109 nationalities and across 83 sports
- 1,462 ADRVs came from adverse analytical findings; 231 from ‘evidence-based intelligence’ non-analytical findings
- 64% of the 2,287 AAFs reported in 2014 resulted in the 1,462 ADRVs
- Of the 231 non-analytical ADRVs, 185 were committed by athletes and 46 by athlete support personnel
- Figures are from the final year under the 2009 World Anti-Doping Code

OTHER FINDINGS

- In 2014, WADA-accredited laboratories received 217,762 urine and blood samples collected from athletes in- and out-of-competition. 2,287 samples were reported as Adverse Analytical Findings (AAFs), from which 1,462 resulted in sanctions (or ADRVs) on athletes.

- Of the total 1,693 analytical and non-analytical anti-doping rule violations (ADRVs), 1,647 were committed by athletes and 46 by athlete support personnel.

- The nationalities with the highest number of ADRVs were the Russian Federation (148 ADRVs) followed by Italy (123). India (96), Belgium (91), France (91), Turkey (73), Australia (49), China (49), Brazil (46) and the Republic of Korea (43) round off the top 10 nationalities.

- Bodybuilding and Athletics had the most ADRVs committed by athletes, with 225 and 248 ADRVs respectively. They were followed by Cycling, Weightlifting, Powerlifting, Football, Wrestling, Boxing, Rugby Union and Aquatics.

- 77% of the non-analytical ADRVs committed by athlete support personnel (ASP) were either due to trafficking banned substances, administration of banned substances or assisting, encouraging, aiding, abetting, or covering up doping.

- Meanwhile, 63% of the non-analytical ADRVs committed by athletes were either due to use or attempted use of banned substances (which includes 18 cases that were a direct result of Athlete Biological Passport), refusing to be tested, failing without compelling justification or evading a doping test.
ABOUT THE REPORT

• This is the second year for the ADRVs Report. The Report illustrates doping offences committed in global sport during 2014.

• The Report includes the results of all adverse analytical findings as well as non-analytical anti-doping rule violations that were committed in 2014.

• An analytical ADRV refers to a violation of Code Article 2.1 (Presence of a prohibited substance or its metabolites or markers in an athlete’s sample) and is based on an AAF (otherwise known as a positive result), which indicates the presence of a prohibited substance in a urine and/or blood sample collected from athletes and analyzed by a WADA-accredited laboratory.

• A non-analytical ADRV is where an athlete or athlete support person (coach, trainer, manager, agent, medical staff, parent, etc.) commits another type of ADRV that does not involve the detection of a prohibited substance in a urine or blood sample from athletes, as outlined in Code Articles 2.2 to 2.8:
  • Article 2.2 – Use or attempted use of a prohibited substance or a prohibited method
  • Article 2.3 – Refusing or failing without compelling justification to submit to sample collection or evading
  • Article 2.4 – Whereabouts violation (any combination of three missed tests and/or filing failures within an 18-month period)
  • Article 2.5 – Tampering or attempted tampering with any part of doping control
  • Article 2.6 – Possession of prohibited substances and prohibited methods
  • Article 2.7 – Trafficking or attempted trafficking in any prohibited substance or prohibited method
  • Article 2.8 – Administration or attempted administration of any prohibited method or prohibited substance or assisting, encouraging, aiding, abetting, covering up, or other type of complicity.

• The Report sorts data by sport, discipline and testing authority.

• The 2014 Report is the final year of statistics under the 2009 World Anti-Doping Code. The 2015 ADRVs Report (to be issued in 2017) will offer a strong reflection of the results of today’s anti-doping efforts under the 2015 Code.

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