

PROJECT REVIEW

“Detecting Autologous Blood Transfusions Using Dielectrophoretic Spectroscopy”

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The ability to increase oxygen carrying capacity to exercising skeletal muscles is a highly effective method for improving athletic performance. Unfortunately, some athletes seeking to gain an edge over their competition, have turned to artificially enhanced performance gains through blood transfusions, despite these methods being banned by the World Anti-Doping Agency. While methods such as flow cytometry can reveal heterogeneity in red blood cell (RBC) surface antigens and thereby detect homologous transfusions – or blood doping from a different person, there is currently no method available to detect autologous blood transfusions (ABT) with an athlete's own blood. The lack of a direct detection method represents a significant problem for endurance sports, and the absence of a test means that this performance enhancing method is still widely utilized. There is evidence that biochemical changes occur in RBCs stored ex-vivo, including changes in their cell membrane that do not occur in a normal RBC population. One major obstacle to the development of a specific and reliable method for detecting ABT is then the lack of an available technique for detecting these age-related changes in circulation and at low concentration.

The goal of this proposal is to develop the ability to quantify these modifications in red blood cell storage age using a combination of dielectrophoretic spectroscopy and a storage sensitive membrane cross-linking reaction, and to employ this approach to develop a simple and specific test for the detection of autologous blood transfusions in endurance athletes. The successful outcome of this project will lead to the development of an entirely new electrical approach to monitoring an athlete's blood sample, and will lead to a new ABT indicator that is simple, rapid, require only a small droplet of blood, and capable of being integrated into an athlete's Biological Passport.